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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/797,359	03/09/2004	Stephen Boyer	909A.0156.U1(US)	4348
29683 HARRINGTO	7590 10/20/200 N & SMITH, PC	EXAMINER		
4 RESEARCH	DRIVE, Suite 202	SKOWRONEK, KARLHEINZ R		
SHELTON, C	1 06484-6212		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1631	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/20/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/797,359	BOYER ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
KARLHEINZ R. SKOWRONEK	1631	

	KARLHEINZ R. SKOWRONEK	1631						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress					
THE REPLY FILED 10 September 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.								
1. So The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 3 TCR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:								
The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth							
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(I	n).							
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set for thin (b) above, if checket. A vry reply received by the Office later than three months after the malling date of the final rejection, even if timely filled, may reduce any sermed patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL								
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the control of th	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the						
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>								
 The proposed amendment(s) flied after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); 								
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in beti appeal; and/or	ter form for appeal by materially red	Jucing or simplifying th	ne issues for					
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	cted claims.						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (f	PTOL-324).					
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 		.,,						
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		•						
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of					
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:								
Claim(s) rejected: 1-3, 6-21,24-39 and 42-46. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. Se	al and/or appellant fails se 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).					
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been consideration.		•						
because: See Continuation Sheet.								
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)							
13. Other:								
/Marjorie Moran/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1631								

Application No.

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments filed 10 September 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the Friedman et al. does not suggest the recognition of chemical names in a document. This argument is not persuasive. As indicated in the rejection, Friedman does not explicitly recite the recognition of chemical names from text. Rather, Friedman et al, as identified in the rejection and reiterated by applicant, suggest the chemical names can be documented or "tagged" using Chemical Markup Language (CML) (col. 11, line 46-48). Thus, while Friedman et al. does not explicitly show the recognition of chemical names. Friedman does show the semantic parsing or "partitioning" of documents using a lexicon to "tag" recognized words or terms using XML. Brecher et al. shows the recognition of chemical names. Applicant argues that neither Brecher et al. nor Friedman et al. shows partitioning text documents. The argument is not persuasive. Brecher et al. shows the file based inputs, reading on text documents (col. 2, line 49). Brecher et al. shows that regular expressions are applied to parse or "partition" the text (col. 5, line 40-50). Brecher et al. shows the names are looked up in a chemical lexicon (col. 6, line 30-40). Applicant argues the teachings of Brecher et al. contradict the teachings of Dittmar et al. The argument is not persuasive. As applicant points out, Brecher et al. does show that chemical names are first converted to lower case. However Brecher et al. shows atomic chains are in upper case (col. 10. line 1-19). Dittmar et al. also shows that atomic chains are in upper case. Furthermore, the claims do not require that all steps be performed with uppercase letters. The claims only requires that the characters of the regular expression comprise the uppercase at least one of C. O. N, R, and H. Brecher et al. shows the regular expressions scan the buffer for uppercase O, N and R (col. 4-5). Applicant argues that Hull et al, does not show extracting keywords. The argument is not found persuasive. Hull et al, describes generating a database of keywords or descriptors (col. 9, line 15-30). Hull et al. further shows that the descriptors or keywords can be chemical name fragments as textual representations of chemical descriptors (col. 9, line23-25). Hull shows the database can be searched by a text word and a structure (col. 10, line 54-57). Applicant argues that Moore et al. does not show a search query of a chemical name and a chemical structure. The argument is not persuasive. Moore et al. shows chemical names or name fragments and chemical substructures can be searched (col. 2, line 43-54). One would have been motivated by Hull et al. to combine text and structure searching because Hull et al. shows that the combined text structure search advantageously improves the search by "tweaking" (col. 16, line 25-27). Applicant argues that Friedman et al. in view of Brecher et al. in view of Moore in view of Hull et al. in view of Dittmar et al. and n view of Leiter does not show selecting a graphical representation. The argument is not persuasive. Hull et al. shows that chemical structures are searched (col. 12, line 64-67; col. 13. line 17-19). Hull et al. shows the query structure is translated in connection table (col. 10, line 55-61). Moore et al. shows the entry of a structure to be queried (col. 8, line 16-21). Moore et al. shows entry of chemical structures by selection (col. 4, line 28-35). Both Moore et al, and Hull teach the translation of a graphical representation to a connection tables. With respect that applicant's argument that Friedman et al. in view of Brecher et al. in view of Moore in view of Hull et al. in view of Dittmar et al. and n view of Leiter does not show claim 3. The argument is not persuasive. Moore et al. shows that connection tables are representations of chemical structure (col. 4, line 37-52). As addressed above. Moore shows that system automatically generates a connection table from the substructure entered by the user (col. 7, line 49-56; col. 4, line 28-35). The rejection is maintained.